



Coalition Administrations and COVID-19

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Format & Approach

 LGA have produced this pre-recorded webinar on the work of councils led by coalition administrations during the COVID-19 response & recovery:

Purpose

- to support councils run by coalition administrations in their work on COVID-19 & the recovery
- to identify how to ensure robust, stable coalition working

Format

Coalition Administrations in Local Government

- This webinar is looking at COVID-19 and 'coalition administrations'. What does 'coalition administration' mean?
- Prior to the May 2019 elections there were just over 30 'No Overall Control' (NOC) councils in England
- NOC can be defined as where no one single party holds
 50% + 1 of the seats
- After May 2019, LGIU identified 77 NOC English authorities

 Chris Game in Democratic audit identifies 79. There are currently 86 NOC councils (Grace Collins, LGA)

Coalition Administrations in Local Government

- Of the current 86 NOC councils (Grace Collins, LGA), there are:
- 35 single party minority administrations
- 51 coalition administrations, of which...
 - 32 involve 2 parties
 - 12 involve 3 parties
 - 6 involve 4 parties
 - 1 involves 5+ parties
- Wide range of language used in coalitions 'alliance', 'pact', 'coalition', 'rainbow coalition'

Coalition Administrations in Local Government...okay but what does that mean?

- Number of English local authorities with NOC has more than doubled since May 2019
- Now almost 1 in 4 councils is NOC
- New NOC councils had less than a year to 'settle in' before the pandemic led to widespread changes from March onwards
- Very many 'NOCs' work in some sort of coalition administration where effective working across the ruling groups is essential

Coalition administrations & COVID-19: Key Questions

- 1. Are coalition administrations as effective as majority administrations in responding to emergencies and providing leadership?
- 2. What impact has COVID-19 had on relationships between coalition groups?
- 3. What are the lessons learnt about ensuring cohesion during the response & recovery?
- 4. What factors in general are important in shaping effective coalitions?

Reflection exercise: the coalition group/s

Consider the following questions:

- 1. How has your coalition group/s been impacted by COVID-19 response and recovery?
- 2. How has your group/s responded?
- 3. What challenges has your group/s faced?
- 4. What opportunities have presented themselves?
- 5. Is your coalition more cohesive or less cohesive than pre COVID-19? Why?
- 6. What has your group learnt about effective coalition working during COVID-19?

Reflection exercise: the coalition leader/councillor

Consider the following questions:

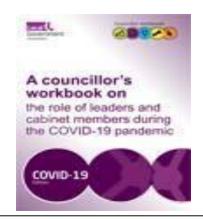
- 1. How has your role as coalition group leader/councillor been impacted by the COVID-19 response and recovery?
- 2. How have you responded?
- 3. What challenges have you faced?
- 4. What opportunities have presented themselves?
- 5. What have you learnt as a coalition group leader/councillor?

Coalition administrations providing effective leadership?

- There is no simple correlation between majority versus coalition working and effectiveness – far more complex
- Many coalition administrations provide stable, effective leadership
- Some would argue that the crossparty nature of coalitions is suited to collaborative approach often adopted in emergencies

Political leadership in an emergency:

- Lead decisively
- Re-frame & adapt
- Recognising complexity
- Effective team management
- Collaborate
- Actively communicate
- Build resilience



Impact of COVID-19 on Coalition Administrations

- Diversity in response & impact
- Many coalitions report closer working during the COVID-19 response – bringing people together to focus on initial actions & response
- Some coalitions have struggled to maintain their partnership
- An imbalance between coalition groups can occur due to differences in impact on members of groups e.g. differences in number of councillors shielding or key workers
- Lack of face to face can be challenging where maintaining relationships is key – coalitions usually responded by increasing frequency of virtual meetings

Lessons from Coalition working during COVID-19

- Value of strong foundations set in early days of coalition
- Written agreement
- Active & inclusive communication
- Need some common ground/common purpose
- Setting realistic expectations
- Getting people in the right jobs reflecting their experience, skills & passion
- Managing personalities
- Developing resilience
- Willingness to compromise

Recovery

- Recovery period may challenge the assumptions and priorities underlying original coalition agreements
- Re-visiting shared priorities can be a difficult time for coalitions – needs careful management
- Financial impact of COVID-19 on this years budget & MTFS is becoming more obvious – could be some very difficult decisions to negotiate
- In councils with elections in May 2021 some are noticing increasing politicisation – again, negotiating behaviour approaching elections may need attention

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Components of Effective Coalitions

- 1. Build strong foundations
- 2. Seek the common ground
- 3. Always have a written agreement
- 4. Build intentional relationships across the groups
- 5. Right people in the right jobs
- 6. No public surprises
- 7. Keep the groups involved
- 8. Invest in active communication
- 9. Learn, improve, adapt
- 10. Use political nous & soft skills

Honouring the Deal: Transactional Leadership

- Coalition administrations are based on transactional political leadership
- Very common type of political leadership which can be highly effective
- Based on a self-interested exchange we work together and we get 'x' out of our partnership
- Trust is built by honouring the original transactional agreement
- Always take time to explore common interests
- Always, always get the agreement in writing
- And always honour the deal...
- And be careful when re-visiting the original deal...







Case study: Cornwall Council



Nature of the Coalition administration:

- Coalition administration of the Independents & Liberal Democrats
- Mature coalition joint administration over the last two administrations (almost 8 years)
- Current political control: Lib Dems 34 Inds 30 Cons 45 Lab 4
 Mebyon Kernow 4, other parties/vac 6
- Shared leadership rotates every 2 years. Currently Leader is Julian German (Ind) & Deputy is Adam Paynter (Lib Dem)
- Spent time during early days getting to know each other & establishing single set of priorities

Cornwall Council & COVID-19



- More 'command & control' during the emergency period
- Greater emphasis on active communication
 - Daily briefings for members
 - Moved to weekly group meetings for both groups
 - Weekly informal cabinet meetings
 - Daily contact Leader, DL and chief executive
 - Lib Dem cabinet members available to Ind group meetings
 & vice versa
- Refocusing energy & effort on the emergency response priorities/cells – meetings focussed on these cells involved all e.g. cabinet member, shadow cabinet member & scrutiny chair & vice
- Involvement of all including opposition in emergency stage

Recovery planning



- Next elections due May 2021
- The coalition were planning to 'shift' the agreed joint priorities because of climate change but COVID-19 reinforces examining priorities
- Launched a large scale listening exercise on 'the Cornwall we want'
- Financial impact of COVID-19 means there is a 'fundamentally different financial situation'
- Will feed into business plan in February & medium term financial strategy

Cornwall: Lessons for successful coalitions

- Leaders of the two groups have known each other a long time
 good personal relationship
- Early time spent by the groups on getting to know each other
- Away days in early days to develop shared priorities
- Shared, rotated council leadership spending time to get the 'hand over' period right
- Diverse, rich range of styles & experience within the cabinet
- Taking time to keep the groups involved
- Investing in member development
- Lot of hard work!



Final reflection

As part of the final reflection consider:

What have I learnt through the course of the webinar?

What action/s will I take to improve coalition working?