## Personal Safety for Councillors





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#### Programme overview

- 1. Principles of personal safety
- 2. Use of mobiles and technology
- 3. Personal safety tips:
  - Safe pedestrianship
  - Unsolicited visitors to your home
  - Surgeries and public meetings
  - Visiting people in their own home
  - Canvassing.



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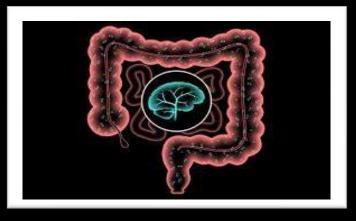






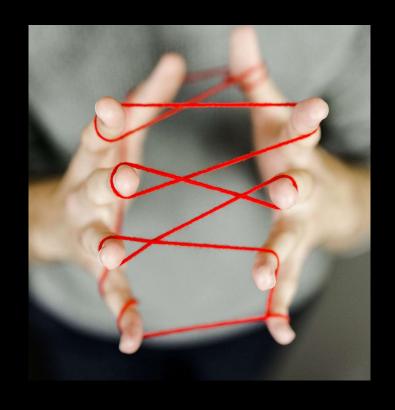






#### Bio feedback

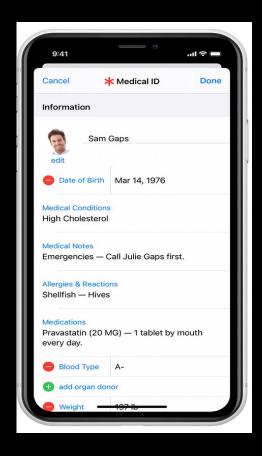
- Sharpening of senses
- Tensing of muscles
- Changes to breathing
- Hairs standing up on the back of the neck
- Stomach churning
- Increased heart rate.















Press **Power** and **Volume up** buttons simultaneously

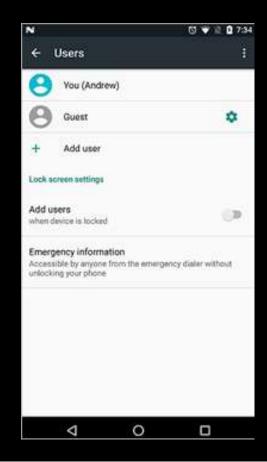


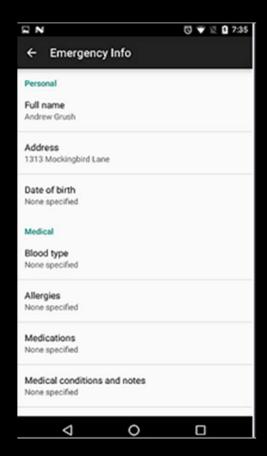
Press **Power** and **Volume up** buttons simultaneously

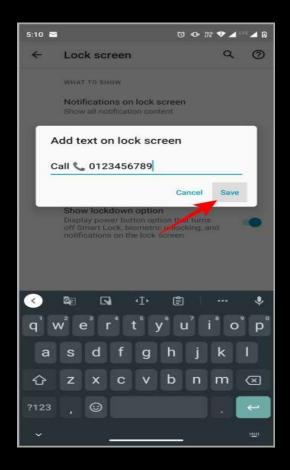




#### Android



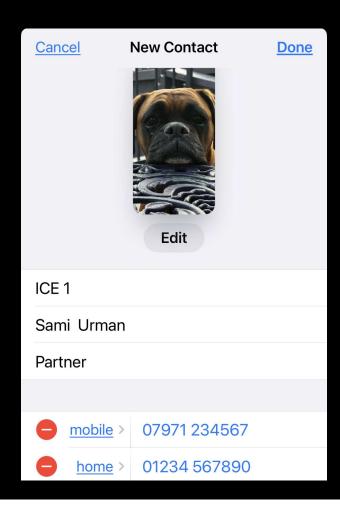






#### In Case of Emergency (ICE)

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#### **Contacting emergency services**

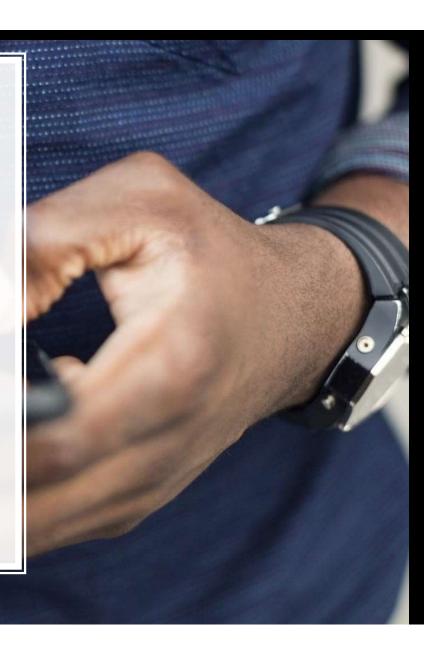
101 Non-emergency police

999 Police, fire, ambulance, coastguard

Police, fire, ambulance, coastguard

999 55 or

112 55 Silent solution



#### **Texting 999 or 112**



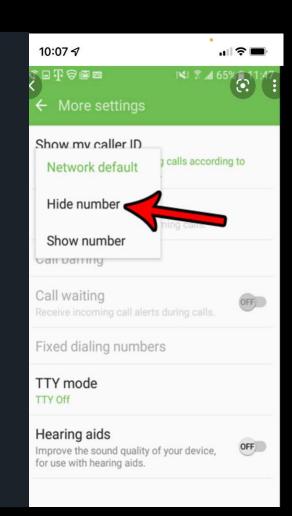
To withhold a number from landline OR mobile, dial...



Followed by the full telephone number you want to dial

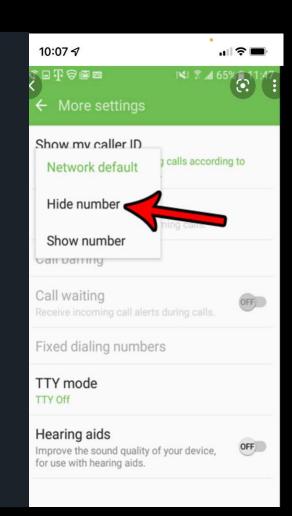


# Turning user ID off on your telephone





# Turning user ID off on your telephone









## Safety Apps





Being out and about



Being out and about



Unsolicited callers to your home



Being out and about



Unsolicited callers to your home



Surgeries and public meetings



Being out and about



Unsolicited callers to your home



Surgeries and public meetings



Visits to resident's homes



Being out and about



Unsolicited callers to your home



Surgeries and public meetings



Visits to resident's homes



Canvassing

#### **Pedestrianship**

- Route
- Clothing and name badge
- Bags and valuable items
- Use of telephone/earphones
- Confidence
- "Please may I speak to Angela?"
- Personal alarm.







## Unsolicited visitors to your home



#### **Personal Information**

- Use the Council's address on your ballot paper/website
- Talk to the Monitoring Officer about removing your address from the Register of Members' Interests
- Take care about sharing information that could make your location identifiable
- Using "incognito" mode, carry out a vanity search
- Submit a Google Remove request:
  - https://support.google.com/websearch/troubleshooter/3111061?hl=en
- Ask a website or their hosting company to remove personal information: <a href="https://lookup.icann.org/en/lookup">https://lookup.icann.org/en/lookup</a>
- Check Companies House Directorships and Trusteeships.

#### **Unsolicited visitors**

• Could try a deterrent notice: "no uninvited visitors"

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#### **Unsolicited visitors**

- Could try a deterrent notice: "no uninvited visitors"
- Install a digital doorbell
- Or a simple chain, so that you can open the door securely
- If you choose to answer the door, talk on the doorstep
- Or look as though you are just leaving for an appointment
- Politely refuse to engage in immediate conversation take their number
- Invite them to your next surgery
- If it's an adrenalised group, secure your door and contact the Police
- Never invite someone you don't know or trust into your home
- For persistent offenders, seek advice: Council or Police 101.



## Stalking

- Fixated
- Obsessive
- Unwanted
- •Repeated



# If you think you have a potential issue...

- Use the National Stalking Helpline toolkit: <a href="https://www.suzylamplugh.org/am-i-being-stalked-tool">https://www.suzylamplugh.org/am-i-being-stalked-tool</a>
- Collect evidence without making yourself vulnerable
- Identify witnesses
- Let other people know that you have an issue
- Doing nothing is not an option
- Seek advice internally and with other agencies.

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#### **Threats and Intimidation**

- Define as the intent to cause harassment, alarm or distress to another person
- This can be using words, through behaviour or in writing
- Immediate threats must be reported to the Police on 999 or 112
- To report a non-immediate incident dial 101
- Or use the Police's local online form: <u>Police.uk (www.police.uk)</u>
- Cyber threats can be reported online: The Cyber Helpline Victim Advice Line
- Report the incident internally and to your political group.





#### Case study

You hold your monthly surgery in a community centre and are usually allocated a room directly off the main hall. It's a good environment, with clear exits and a busy footfall around it.

When you arrive, you are told that this room has been allocated to another meeting. All the other rooms are already occupied.

You are shown down to the lower level of the building, to an isolated room at the end of a long corridor, which has zero mobile signal.

It's going to be a busy surgery... what would you do?

## **Choosing your surgery venue**

- Busy footfall
- Decent-sized room
- Good exits
- A vision panel in the door or a window
- Without internal door lock
- Strong mobile signal, wifi or a landline
- Monitored CCTV/Alarm
- Check whether your venue must be risk assessed by the Council
- Carry out your own: Risk assessment: Steps needed to manage risk HSE.



### Safe surgeries

- Encourage people to pre-register
- Work in pairs or teams
- Use a table to create space
- Sit across the table from your visitor(s)
- And nearest the exit
- Choose a chair with arms for you
- Keep your hot drink next to you on the floor
- And your table clear
- Ask your companion to stay until your last meeting has finished
- Manage conversations sensitively.



### Planning a home visit

- Consult with the relevant council team
- Ask about any issues with previous behaviour
- Check their identity matches details held on the Electoral Register
- Ask out who will be in the property people and dogs
- Organise a companion to go with you
- Agree coded language so that you can communicate discreetly
- Travel light.



#### Case study

You have agreed to visit an elderly resident to discuss a housing issue.

When you set up the meeting, you asked if anyone else would be there, and you were told that the resident would be on their own.

When you arrive, the door is opened by a younger person. You hear other voices in the background plus several dogs barking inside the house.

What would you do?

## When you arrive....

- Knock at the door, then step back to create space
- Tilt your body sideways
- If you can, talk on the doorstep
- If you intend to go in, carry out a doorstep assessment
- Use your senses: vision, hearing, smell, gut feel...
- If you are uncomfortable going in, make an excuse and leave.











Going into someone's home

How not to greet a dog





DON'T
Stare him in the eye
(This is an adversarial gesture)

DON'T Squeal or shout in his face



**DON'T** 

Grab or Hug him

DON'T
Grab his head and kiss it
(This is an invasion of space)

#### Instead...



#### Instead...



\* Pet or stroke him on the SIDE of his face or body. Or on his back.



#### Canvassing

- 1. Form pairs or teams
- 2. Plan the areas you will visit
- 3. Including whether you will include no cold calling zones
- 4. Establish your ground rules
- 5. Exchange numbers/create WhatsApp group
- 6. Discuss prior knowledge of properties to avoid (party list)
- 7. Agree coded signals.



### Other canvassing tips



- Canvas during daylight hours
- Check for signage before you knock
- Judge whether to have a conversation
- Do not enter a property
- Notice where your colleagues are
- Use a spatula to post leaflets
- Report any aggression/threats to your Monitoring Officer
- Read the LGA's:

Seven principles for safer canvassing: A guide for councillors and candidates | Local Government Association

## **Incident reporting**

- Language: direct or indirect
- Threats to you or to others
- Stalking or harassment
- Hate crimes
- Damage to property
- Theft or attempted theft
- Physical violence.



### Programme review

- Principles of personal safety
- Use of mobiles and technology
- Personal safety tips.

