

Tackling sexual harassment in the fire service

LGA Fire conference, 2024

March 2024



- Kathryn Billing CFO Cornwall FRS EDI Lead for NFCC, NFCC Rep on the Inclusive Fire Service Group
- Philip Bundy Senior Advisor, LGA Workforce
- Robyn Richardson National Women's Committee Secretary, FBU
- Anthea Sully Chief Executive Officer, White Ribbon



Kathryn Billing

CFO Cornwall FRS EDI Lead for NFCC NFCC Rep on the Inclusive Fire Service Group





LGA Fire Conference 2024

Tackling sexual harassment in the Fire and Rescue Service



Introduction

- Kathryn Billing Chief Fire Officer Cornwall Fire & Rescue Service – EDI Lead for the National Fire Chiefs Council
- Joined Cornwall County Fire Brigade in 1999/2000 as an Oncall firefighter
- Became Chief Fire Officer in May 2021 to make a difference, reform our culture



Opportunity is here for us all

- Recognise and thank those who have spoken up and ensure their courage is the catalyst for change
- Change isn't easy otherwise we would have done it by now, we cannot do this on our own and it must be meaningful
- Are we doing enough? There are some good practices going on which will help make positive change
- Competence and development, cultural competence isn't a one stop tick box exercise it must continue
- We all right now have opportunity to make the fire service even better and fit for the future

www.cornwall.gov.

Information Classification: CONFIDENTIAL

Thank you

www.cornwall.gov.



Sexual harassment: the legal framework

Philip Bundy, Senior Adviser – Employment Law

March 2024



- Person 'A' engages in unwanted conduct of a sexual nature
- That conduct has the purpose or effect of either violating person B's dignity, or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for B
- Default: employer liable for A's actions



- In assessing, must take into account
 - -B's perception
 - -Other relevant circumstances of the case
 - -Whether it is reasonable for the conduct to have the effect in question (e.g. intimidation)
- Can be sexually harassed by a person of the same or different sex



- EHRC guide examples:
 - Sexual comments or jokes, displaying sexually graphic images, suggestive looks, propositions/sexual advances, sexual gestures, intrusive questions, sexual posts on social media, spreading sexual rumours, explicit texts/messages, unwelcome touching
- May be a single incident or repeated



- Behaviour can become unwanted over time
- When does banter become unwanted conduct?
 - The fact it is tolerated does not mean it cannot be unwanted, nor where the complainant initiates it as coping mechanism



- Relevant circumstances
 - E.g. personal circumstances of employee experiencing conduct (mental health etc), cultural norms, environment, seniority of harasser
- Reasonableness of effect
 - -Objective test



- Also includes where A is treated less favourably for rejecting or submitting to harassment
- Victimisation: where a person is subjected to a detriment for bringing a complaint/allegation, giving evidence or information



Sexual harassment: duty to prevent

- In force October 2024
- Pro-active duty on employers to take reasonable (was all reasonable) steps to prevent sexual harassment
- What are reasonable steps?
 - Understand and assess risks, clear policies, staff training, communication, robust reporting mechanisms, addressing complaints
 - EHRC guidance



Sexual harassment: duty to prevent

• EHRC can enforce on standalone basis where reasonable steps are not taken

 Sexual harassment awards can be uplifted by 25% where the employer has breached duty



Remedies

- Uncapped compensation
- Loss of earnings/benefits (includes pension loss)
- Injury to feelings
 - -Lower band: £1,100 £11,200
 - -Middle band: £11,200 £33,700
 - -Upper band: £33,700 £56,200



Remedies

- An appropriate recommendation aimed at reducing the effect of the discrimination/harassment on the claimant
- A declaration as to the rights of the claimant and the employer in relation to the matters in the claim



Liability: employer defence

- Employer may avoid vicarious liability for sexual harassment by its employee where it can show it has taken all reasonable steps to prevent the harassment
- Rarely used but may become more when new duty to prevent is introduced



Effective anti-harassment policies

- Purpose and to whom the policy applies
- Definition with examples
- Responsibilities
- Set out sanctions for perpetrators
- How to report and what steps will happen
- Maintaining appropriate confidentiality



Other anti-harassment steps

- Training
- Robust reporting mechanisms
- Workplace champions



Further information

https://www.local.gov.uk/our-support/workforceand-hr-support/employment-relations

https://www.local.gov.uk/our-support/workforceand-hr-support/employment-relations/advisorybulletins-employment-law-updates



Robyn Richardson

National Women's Committee Secretary, FBU

March 2024



Anthea Sully

Chief Executive Officer, White Ribbon

March 2024





Q

Tackling sexual harassment in the fire service

LGA Fire conference, 2024

March 2024